BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

## YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

<u>Pa</u>	age
Independent Auditor's Report1	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis3	3-8
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	11
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	14
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	16
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	17
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	18
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	19
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements20-3	33
Required Supplementary Information:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual - General Fund	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund	35

## TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

## YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

## Supplementary Information:

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	36
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	37
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Agency Funds	38
High School:	
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Fund Balances – Larue County High School	39
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	40-41
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	42
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	43-44
Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	45
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	46-47
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	48-49
Management Letter Comments	50-52

THEODORE C. STILES, CPA
BENJAMIN E. CARTER, CPA
JOHN R. ASHCRAFT, CPA
J. SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA
BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA
CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA
CHERYLE L. BEAUCHAMP, CPA
J. ALTON PIKE, CPA

Stiles, Carter & Associates, P.S.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
2901 RING ROAD EAST
P. O. BOX 622
ELIZABETHTOWN, KY 42702-0622

TELEPHONE 270/769-6371 FAX 270/765-7934 www.stilescartercpas.com AMERICAN INSTITUTE
OF CPAs
KENTUCKY SOCIETY
OF CPAs



The CPA. Never Underestimate The Value.®

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education Larue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Larue County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in <u>Appendix I of the Independent Auditor's Contract - General Audit Requirements</u>, <u>Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract - State Audit Requirements</u>, and <u>Appendix III of the Independent Auditor's Contract - Electronic Submission</u>. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued a report dated August 25, 2005, on our consideration of Larue County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 8, and the Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 34 through 35, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Larue County School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Also, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards on pages 40 through 41 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Stiles, Carter & Crossintes Certified Public Accountants

August 25, 2005



## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – HODGENVILLE, KY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

The discussion and analysis of Larue County School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local governments issued in June 1999.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning cash balance for the District was \$4.6 million. The ending cash balance for the District was \$5.1 million.
- Following the completion of the District long-range plan for facilities, there is a focus on investing in plant management with the age and size of our facilities reflective of this need.
- Due to the rebound in interest rates, interest income increased \$56 thousand; that is a 44.5 percent increase.
- During fiscal 2005, the District improved its financial position through an increase of \$805 thousand in net assets.
- The General Fund had \$13.9 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding inter-fund transfers, there were \$13.6 million in General Fund expenditures.
- Bonds are issued as the District renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that
  is established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education (KDE)
  stringent compliance regulations. The District's total bond debt decreased by \$505 thousand
  during the current fiscal year.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The only fiduciary funds private purpose trust funds used for scholarships and agency funds for student education. The only proprietary funds are our food service and childcare operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 19 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 33 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5.8 million as of June 30, 2005.

The largest portion of the District's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

## Net Assets for the periods ending June 30, 2005 and 2004 (Table 1)

	Govern Activ			ess-type vities	Total Primary Government		
	2005	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	2004	2005	<u>2004</u>	
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 4,702,781 13,882,858	\$ 4,537,922 14,029,498	\$1,029,544 1,248,063	\$ 743,686 1,262,094	\$ 5,732,325 15,130,921	\$ 5,281,608 15,291,592	
Total Assets	18,585,639	18,567,420	2,277,607	2,005,780	20,863,246	20,573,200	
Long-term Debt Other Liabilities	13,808,805 1,072,033	14,348,333 1,198,329	222,910	- 71,856	13,808,805 1,294,943	14,348,333 1,270,185	
Total Liabilities	14,880,838	15,546,662	222,910	71,856	15,103,748	15,618,518	
Net Assets Investment in capital assets							
(net of debt)	(157,751)	(546,018)	1,248,063	1,262,094	1,090,312	716,076	
Restricted	1,057,955	849,775	-	-	1,057,955	849,775	
Unrestricted	2,804,597	2,717,001	806,634	671,830	3,611,231	3,388,831	
Total Net Assets	\$ 3,704,801	\$ 3,020,758	\$2,054,697	\$ 1,933,924	\$ 5,759,498	\$ 4,954,682	

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Assets.

The District had an increase in cash of \$500 thousand and reduced its bond obligations by \$505 thousand.

#### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

- The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, net of Interfund transfers, were \$18.7 million.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$2.8million more than budget or approximately 24%.
- The total cost of all programs and services was \$18.7 million including debt service.
- General fund budget expenditures to actual varied significantly in Instruction and the Other Expenditures line item. According to instructions from the Kentucky Department of Education, the District did not budget on-behalf payments or spend budgeted contingency funds. This is the major reason for the budget variances.

The following Table 2 presents a summary of changes in net assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004.

anu 2004.	Government: Activities				ness-type ctivities			otal Government		
	2005		20	004	2005	2004		2005	2004	
REVENUES:	***************************************									
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 2,0	61	\$	6,880	\$ 606,481	\$ 632,65	5 \$	608,542	\$ 639,53	35
Operating grants and										
contributions	3,067,3			66,540	679,561	671,27	4	3,746,909	3,737,81	
Capital grants and contributions	338,7	87	50	05,275	-			338,787	505,27	75
General revenues:										
Property taxes	2,020,2			07,735	-	-		2,020,274	1,907,73	
Motor vehicle taxes	363,3	51		60,490	w.	**		363,351	360,49	
Utility taxes	529,5	17	4	56,304	-	***		529,517	456,30	)4
Investment earnings	162,9	31	1	15,629	19,958	10,96		182,889	126,59	95
State and formula grants	11,108,5	82	10,94	16,936	-	~		11,108,582	10,946,93	36
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	5,4	23	:	33,189	(35)	87	6	5,388	34,06	35
Miscellaneous	70,8	36		16,175	-	-		70,836	16,17	5
Special item - gain on sale of building				8,091	-		<del></del>	_	58,09	1
Total revenues	17,669,1	10	17,47	3,244	1,305,965	1,315,77	1	18,975,075	18,789,01	5
EXPENSES:										
Program Activities:										
Instruction	10,604,4	15	10,36	35,915	-	-		10,604,415	10,365,91	5
Student support	775,4	24	68	35,958	-	-		775,424	685,95	8
Instructional staff support	811,7	31	53	30,133	~			811,761	530,13	13
District administrative support	461,6	32	27	2,752	100.			461,662	272,75	2
School administrative support	826,4	92	83	37,498	-	_		826,492	837,49	8
Business support	328,5	58	30	1,884	-	-		328,558	301,88	4
Plant operation and maintenance	1,381,6	78	1,29	7,275	-	_		1,381,678	1,297,27	5
Student transportation	932,1	21	83	3,605	-	_		932,121	833,60	5
Central office support	3,3	78		-	-	-		3,378	-	
Facilities acquisition	16,1	31	18	31,561	~	-		16,181	181,56	1
Community service activities	173,5	16	17	8,620	-	-		173,516	178,62	0
Other	29,5	19	2	9,525	-	-		29,549	29,52	5
Interest costs	640,3	32	65	7,909	÷	•		640,332	657,90	9
Business-type Activities:										
Food service	-			~	929,806	873,03	3	929,806	873,03	3
Childcare				-	255,386	295,06	<u>9</u> _	255,386	295,06	9
Total expenses	16,985,0	67	16,17	2,635	1,185,192	1,168,10	<u>2 1</u>	18,170,259	17,340,73	7_
Increase in net assets	\$ 684,0	13	\$ 1,30	0,609	\$ 120,773	\$ 147,66	9\$	804,816	\$ 1,448,27	8_

#### Governmental Activities

Instruction comprises 62% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses make up 34% of government expenses. The remaining expense for interest, facilities acquisition and other items accounts for the remaining 4% of total government expense.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

		Activities Total Services	Net Cost o	of Services
	<u>2005</u>	2004	2005	2004
Instruction Support Services Other Facilities acquisition Interest costs	\$ 10,604,415 5,694,590 29,549 16,181 640,332	\$ 10,365,915 4,937,725 29,525 181,561 657,909	\$ 8,174,429 5,055,167 29,549 16,181 301,545	\$ 7,731,464 4,498,756 29,525 20,969 313,226
Total expenses	\$ 16,985,067	\$ 16,172,635	\$ 13,576,871	\$ 12,593,940

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities include the food service and childcare operations. These programs had total revenues of \$1,305,965 and expenses of \$1,185,192 for fiscal year 2005. Of the revenues, \$606,481 was charges for services, \$632,655 was from State and Federal grants, \$19,958 was from investment earnings and \$(35) was loss on sale of assets. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity. If it becomes necessary, the School District will increase the charges for this activity.

#### The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 11. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$18,607,045 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$18,273,772. Net changes in fund balances for the year were most significant in General Fund which increased by \$185,284.

The increase in the General Fund was due to closely monitoring costs, increased tax revenue and the sale of capital assets.

#### **General Fund-Budget Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

For the General Fund, revenues were budgeted at \$11,165,013 with actual amounts of \$13,966,187. Budgeted expenditures of \$14,263,478 compare with actual expenditures of \$13,587,241. The most significant fluctuation is for on-behalf payments of \$2,232,408. If on-behalf payments were not included in revenues, revenues would be \$11,733,779, which is \$568,766 over budget. If on-behalf payments were not included in expenditures, expenditures would be \$11,354,833, which is \$2,908,645 under budget.

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2005 the School District had \$15,130,921 invested in land, buildings, equipment, and construction in progress, and \$13,882,858 in governmental activities. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2005 and 2004 balances.

## Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

		Govern Acti	nmen vities	tal		Busine Acti	ss-typ	<del></del>	Total Primary Government			ment
		2005		2004		2005		2004		<u>2005</u>		<u>2004</u>
Land	\$	309,472	\$	309,472	\$	~	\$	-	\$	309,472	\$	309,472
Construction in progress		148,311		-		-		-		148,311		-
Land improvements		448,505		493,283		-		-		448,505		493,283
Buildings and improvements	1	1,739,256	1	2,066,126		983,605		1,008,709	1	2,722,861	1	3,074,835
Technology		431,452		385,612		6,559		9,959		438,011		395,571
Vehicles		590,720		548,794		-		-		590,720		548,794
General equipment		215,142	,	226,211		257,899		243,426		473,041		469,637
Total	\$ 1	3,882,858	\$1	4,029,498	\$ 1	,248,063	\$	1,262,094	\$1	5,130,921	<u>\$1</u>	5,291,592

Table 5 shows changes in capital assets for the fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

#### Change in Capital Assets

	Govern Activ	mental vities		ess-type vities		otal overnment
Beginning balance Additions Retirements Depreciation	2005 \$ 14,029,498 545,151 (487) (691,304)	2004 \$14,463,959 316,232 (21,754) (728,939)	2005 \$ 1,262,094 44,727 (35) (58,723)	2004 \$ 1,276,428 41,800 676 (56,810)	2005 \$15,291,592 589,878 (522) (750,027)	2004 \$15,740,387 358,032 (21,078) (785,749)
Ending balance	\$ 13,882,858	\$14,029,498	\$ 1,248,063	\$ 1,262,094	\$15,130,921	\$15,291,592

#### Debt

At June 30, 2005, the School District had \$14,055,000, in bonds outstanding, of this amount \$4,682,686 is to be paid from the KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$520 thousand is due within one year.

#### District Challenges for the Future

Larue County School District's financial status has improved in the last fiscal year. This improvement was the result of an increase in state and tax revenues and a hold on expenditures. However, as we look forward, we expect unfunded mandates to have an impact on our District.

The School District has continued to improve facilities by building new and renovating existing schools. These new and renovated facilities come with additional personnel cost (both administrative and support staffs). These facilities also have a cost for computers, library books, instructional materials, and other items that are primarily paid from the General Fund. These costs along with the need to add or renovate additional buildings in the next few years will create more challenges for the School District.

The costs associated with growth have in the past been offset due to increased student enrollment producing additional state funding, and continued increases in business and residential property subject to tax within the School District. Our property tax base continues to grow; however our School District, like all Kentucky School Districts, is limited to a 4% annual growth in property tax revenue on existing property.

Additional factors concerning our School District's financial status include the implementation of various unfunded mandates. Examples include the Flex Fund accounts (Professional Development, Safe Schools, Preschool, Textbooks and Extended School Services). State funding for these programs does not meet our instructional needs as a District. Therefore, local generated funds will have to address these areas. Also, the uncertainty of state budgeted revenue projections may impact our funding as well as future mandated salary increases for all certified personnel. In addition, the full effect of No Child Left Behind (NCLB) has yet to be determined. Funding for this program is not equal to the mandates required by the Federal Government.

The District will be upgrading technology (primarily computers, but also "Smart Boards" and various other equipment). KETS funding has been very limited and many of our computers have difficulty running more complex programs. Last year when we conducted an inventory, there were still approximately one hundred (100) 166 megahertz computers. We had approximately another one hundred (100) each of 333 megahertz and 400 megahertz computers. All these computers are outdated and in need of replacement. A rough estimate to replace these machines is about \$1,200/unit x 300 = \$360,000.00.

The District also has an emphasis on its preschool program. As a District, we understand the value of early intervention, and would like to expand this program. To comply with NCLB, as previously mentioned another major unfunded mandate, identifying literacy problems and addressing them at an early age is essential. Presently, our program services children at-risk (qualify for free lunch) and children that are developmentally delayed (speech & hearing problems). The district would like to expand by going to a full-day program or being able to over these services to other children (that don't qualify for free lunch), but the general fund would have to pay the additional cost.

The District has made the commitment to have competitive salaries for its teachers. This past year we adjusted the Rank III (beginning - exp. 0-9 years) teacher's salaries to one of the highest in the areas, if not the state - \$32,335. We want to continue this process for the next two (2) years in the Rank I and Rank II salary schedules. This will have a recurring financial effect, so the district must closely monitor personnel costs.

The District is involved in reviewing and upgrading its athletic facilities. We partially renovated the Larue County High School (LCHS) gym (sand/paint floor, painted interior walls and ceiling), added lighting to our baseball and softball facilities, constructed a soccer field, and will hopefully renovate the track (re-bid and award on 9/19). In addition to these projects, the football stadium was built in 1962 and has a seating capacity of about 800. Some structural problems exist and the current facility is not compliant with the Americans With Disabilities Act. A new stadium and bleachers are needed. We intend to include this with the next capital construction project which will also include the construction of a new LCHS gym.

With careful planning and monitoring of our finances, Larue County Schools' goal is to continue to provide a quality education for our students and a secure financial future for the School District.

### Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Pamela Kay Bryant, Finance Officer, 208 College Street, Hodgenville, Kentucky, (270) 358-4111.



## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2005

June 30, 2005	G	overnmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total		
Assets		Activities	 Activities		Total	
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Inventory Accounts receivable:	\$	4,126,779	\$ 999,953 21,542	\$	5,126,732 21,542	
Taxes-current Accounts receivable Intergovernmental-State Intergovernmental-Indirect Federal Due from other funds		54,227 7,606 50,580 244,331 219,258	8,049		54,227 7,606 58,629 244,331 219,258	
Total Current Assets		4,702,781	1,029,544		5,732,325	
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation		21,899,577 (8,016,719)	 1,889,609 (641,546)	niikenkiinenkiiiinenkiinenki	23,789,186 (8,658,265)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	<del></del>	13,882,858	 1,248,063		15,130,921	
Total Assets		18,585,639	 2,277,607		20,863,246	
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Current portion of bond obligations Current portion of capital lease obligations Current portion of accrued sick leave Interest payable		162,260 33,905 520,000 45,716 113,102 197,050	3,652 219,258		165,912 219,258 33,905 520,000 45,716 113,102 197,050	
Total Current Liabilities		1,072,033	222,910		1,294,943	
Noncurrent Liabilities  Noncurrent portion of bond obligations Less: Deferred amount on refunding Less: Bond discount and expense Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave	<del>-,,</del>	13,535,000 (40,016) (20,091) 333,912			13,535,000 (40,016) (20,091) 333,912	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<del></del>	13,808,805	 _		13,808,805	
Total Liabilities		14,880,838	 222,910		15,103,748	
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Capital projects Debt service Other purposes (nonexpendable) Unrestricted		(157,751) 373,979 683,976 2,804,597	 1,248,063 806,634		1,090,312 373,979 683,976 - 3,611,231	
Total Net Assets	\$	3,704,801	\$ 2,054,697	\$	5,759,498	
			 <del></del>			

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Program Revenues		Net (E) Ch	penses) Revenues anges in Net Asset	and
Fxpenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Ø	Business- Type Activities	Total
\$ 10,604,415	\$ 2,061	\$ 2,427,925	· <del>∨&gt;</del>	\$ (8,174,429)	' <del>⇔</del>	\$ (8,174,429)
775,424		105,087		(670,337)		(670,337)
811,761		274,764		(536,997)		(536,997)
461,662				(461,662) (826,492)		(461,662)
328,558		6,853		(321,705)		(321,705)
1,381,678		23,512		(1,358,166)		(1,358,166)
932,121		51,952		(880,169)		(880,169)
16,181				(16,181)		(16,181)
173,516		177,255		3,739		3,739
29,549			! ? ?	(29,549)		(29,549)
640,332		***************************************	338,787	(301,545)		(301,545)
16,985,067	2,061	3,067,348	338,787	(13,576,871)	1	(13,576,871)
979 808	428 407	613 633			110 034	112 024
255,386	178,074	65,928	***************************************		(11,384)	(11,384)
1,185,192	606,481	679,561	f.		100,850	100,850
\$ 18,170,259	\$ 608,542	\$ 3,746,909	\$ 338,787	(13,576,871)	100,850	(13,476,021)
		General Revenu	ies:			
		Property taxes	faven	2,020,274	,	2,020,274
		Utility taxes		529,517		529,517
		Investment ean State and form	nings ula grants	162,931 11,108,582	19,958	182,889 11,108,582
		Gain (loss) on o Miscellaneous	disposal of fixed assets	5,423	(35)	5,388
		Total general rev	senuez	14,260,914	19,923	14,280,837
		Change in net as	ssets	684,043	120,773	804,816
		Expenses Set 10,604,415 \$ 10,604,415 \$ 175,424 \$11,761 461,662 826,492 328,558 1,381,678 932,121 3,378 16,181 173,516 29,549 640,332 16,181 1785,192 1,185,192 \$ 18,170,259 \$	Expenses Charges Charges For For For For For For For For Services C SEG 492 328,558 1,381,678 16,181 173,516 29,549 640,332 12,1381,678 16,181 173,516 29,549 640,332 17,185,192 6606,481 1,185,192 6606,482 6606,482 6606,482 6606,482 6606,482 6606,482 6606,482 6606,482	Expenses Services Operating Carlo 675,424 Services Contributions Contrib	Charges	Charges   Capital   Charges   Capital   Charges   Charge   Charges   Charg

4,954,682 5,759,498

1,933,924 2,054,697

3,020,758

Net assets - beginning Net assets - ending

\$

\$ 3,704,801



BALANCE SHEET

**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** 

June 30, 2005

	General Fund	Special Revenue	De	ebt Service Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Assets and Resources:								
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable: Taxes - current Accounts receivable Intergovernmental - State	\$ 3,356,856 54,227	\$ 7,606 34,521	\$	683,976	\$	352,520	\$	4,393,352 54,227 7,606 34,521
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal  Due from other funds	 74,725	 244,331				144,533		244,331 219,258
Total Assets and Resources	\$ 3,485,808	\$ 286,458		683,976	\$	497,053	\$	4,953,295
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities								
Accounts payable Cash overdraft	\$ 87,650	\$ 58,551 143,499	\$	~	\$	123.074	\$	146,201 266,573
Deferred revenue	 27,210	 20,095						47,305
Total Liabilities	114,860	222,145				123,074		460,079
Fund Balances Reserved for: Sick leave Debt service SFCC escrow Construction Unreserved:	44,000			683,976		352,520 21,459		44,000 683,976 352,520
Undesignated, reported in: General fund Special revenue funds	 3,326,948	 64,313		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•			3,326,948 64,313
Total Fund Balances	 3,370,948	 64,313		683,976		373,979		4,493,216
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,485,808	\$ 286,458	<u>\$</u>	683,976	\$	497,053	\$	4,953,295

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2005

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$	4,493,216
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net assets.		13,882,858
Certain assets (such as certain long-term receivables) are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not recorded under modified accrual.		16,059
Certain liabilities (such as bonds and capital leases, certain payables, accrued sick leave, and accrued interest) are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net assets.	-	(14,687,332)
Net assets for governmental activities	\$	3,704,801

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	General Fund	Special Revenue	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	,				
From local sources:					
Taxes:		•	Φ.	Ø 000 400	A 0000 074
Property	\$ 1,733,866	\$	\$	\$ 286,408	\$ 2,020,274
Motor vehicle	363,351				363,351
Utilities	529,517				529,517
Tuition and fees	770	4.000	07.004		770
Earnings on investments	126,068	1,232	35,631	500	162,931
Other local revenues	71,567	18,317	000 707	560	90,444
Intergovernmental - State	11,108,582	882,765	338,787	597,951	12,928,085
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	00.400	1,519,448			1,519,448
Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	32,466	3,000			35,466
Total Revenues	13,966,187	2,424,762	374,418	884,919	17,650,286
Expenditures:					
Instruction	8,341,214	1,797,157			10,138,371
Support services:					
Student	671,491	105,087			776,578
Instruction staff	537,656	274,764			812,420
District administrative	414,542				414,542
School administrative	839,605				839,605
Business	421,144	6,863			428,007
Plant operation and maintenance	1,371,579	23,512			1,395,091
Student transportation	914,779	51,952		440.044	966,731
Facilities acquisition and construction	16,181	4 TO 10 TO 1		148,311	164,492
Community service activities	E0.0E0	177,255	407		177,255
Other	59,050		407		59,457
Bond issue costs					MA.
Debt service:			505,000		505,000
Principal			645,374		645,374
Interest					
Total Expenditures	13,587,241	2,436,590	1,150,781	148,311	17,322,923
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	378,946	(11,828)	(776,363)	736,608	327,363
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	5,910				5,910
Operating transfers in		29,802	751,277	169,770	950,849
Operating transfers out	(199,572)			(751,277)	(950,849)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(193,662)	29,802	751,277	(581,507)	5,910
Excess (Deficit) of Revenue and Other					
Financing Sources over Expenditures	405.004	477 (577) 4	(OF 000)	455 404	222 272
and Other Financing Uses	185,284	17,974	(25,086)	155,101	333,273
Fund Balance, July 1, 2004	3,185,664	46,339	709,062	218,878	4,159,943
Fund Balance, June 30, 2005	\$ 3,370,948	\$ 64,313	\$ 683,976	\$ 373,979	\$ 4,493,216

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$	333,273
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays for the year.		(146,153)
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net assets.		548,618
In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds for the sale increased financial resources.		(487)
Generally, revenues are recorded in the fund financial statement only when they are measurable and available, but revenues are recognized in the statement of activities when realized.		13,400
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	<u></u>	(64,608)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	684,043

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2005

	Food Service Fund			Childcare Fund		Total
Assets		-				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Inventory Accounts receivable:	\$	807,402 21,542	\$	192,551	\$	999,953 21,542
Intergovernmental - State	***************************************			8,049		8,049
Total Current Assets		828,944		200,600	***************************************	1,029,544
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation		1,886,709 (638,721)		2,900 (2,825)	•	1,889,609 (641,546)
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,247,988		75		1,248,063
Total Assets	***************************************	2,076,932	***************************************	200,675	<u> </u>	2,277,607
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	***************************************	1,826 74,725	Name (c) de (c) a constant (c) a con	1,826 144,533		3,652 219,258
Total Current Liabilities		76,551	<del></del>	146,359		222,910
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		1,247,988 752,393		75 54,241		1,248,063 806,634
Total Net Assets	_\$_	2,000,381	\$	54,316	\$	2,054,697

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	MANAGEMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF	Food Service Fund	C	Childcare Fund	Total	
Operating Revenues: Lunchroom sales Other operating revenues		424,741 3,666	\$	178,074	\$	424,741 181,740
Total Operating Revenues		428,407		178,074		606,481
Operating Expenses: Salaries and wages		393,117		222,128		615,245
Materials and supplies Depreciation Other operating expenses		452,068 58,573 26,048		29,964 150 3,144		482,032 58,723 29,192
Total Operating Expenses	***************************************	929,806	300000000000000000000000000000000000000	255,386		1,185,192
Operating loss		(501,399)		(77,312)		(578,711)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Federal grants Donated commodities State grants (Loss) on disposal of equipment Interest income		541,661 57,599 14,373 (35) 19,781		13,991 51,937 177		555,652 57,599 66,310 (35) 19,958
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		633,379		66,105	***************************************	699,484
Change in Net Assets		131,980		(11,207)		120,773
Net assets, July 1, 2004	But 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,868,401		65,523		1,933,924
Net assets, June 30, 2005	\$	2,000,381	\$	54,316	\$	2,054,697

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Food Service Fund		C	Childcare Fund	Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Cash received from:	œ	404.741	ď		<b>d</b>	424,741
Lunchroom sales	\$	424,741 3,666	\$	325,451	\$	329,117
Other activities		3,000		525,451		020,117
Cash paid to/for: Employees		393,117		222,128		615,245
Supplies		388,791		28,909		417,700
Other activities		26,048		3,144		29,192
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(379,549)		71,270		(308,279)
Cash flows from Non-Capital and Related						
Financing Activities		E 14 CC1		15,126		556,787
Federal grants		541,661 14,373		49,251		63,624
State grants		14,575		70,201		00,021
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital and Related						
Financing Activities		556,034		64,377		620,411
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(44 707)				(44,727)
Purchases of capital assets		(44,727)				(44,727)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Receipt of interest income		19,781		177		19,958
redelipt of interest income						
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		151,539		135,824		287,363
Balances, beginning of year		655,863		56,727		712,590
Balances, end of year	\$	807,402	\$	192,551	\$	999,953
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash						
used by operating activities						
Operating loss	\$	(501,399)	\$	(77,312)		(578,711)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:		CD 570		150		58,723
Depreciation Donated commodities		58,573 57,599		100		57,599
Change in assets and liabilities:		07,000				01,000
Receivables				3,577		3,577
Inventory		(521)				(521)
Accounts payable		1,826		1,055		2,881
Interfund payable				144,533		144,533
Deferred revenue		4,373		(733)		(733) 4,373
Due to other funds						
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(379,549)	\$	71,270	\$	(308,279)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:  Donated commodities received from federal government	\$	<b>5</b> 7,599	\$	_	\$	57,599
Donated commodities received from rederal government	Ψ	57,000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	07,000

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2005

	Private Pu Trust Fu		Agency Fund		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 21	1,423	\$	105,274 3,358	
Total Assets	21	1,423		108,632	
<b>Liabilities</b> Accounts payable Due to student groups			***************************************	6,197 102,435	
Total Liabilities	***************************************			108,632	
Net Assets Held in Trust	\$ 21	,423	\$	*	

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Private Purpose Trust Funds				
Additions  Net interest and investment gains (losses)  Contributions	\$	584 2,036			
<b>Deductions</b> Scholarships paid		(1,750)			
Change in net assets		870			
Net Assets, beginning of year	<del></del>	20,553			
Net Assets, end of year		21,423			



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

The Larue County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Larue County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. As allowed in Section P80 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the District has elected not to apply to its proprietary activities Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedure issued after November 30, 1989.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Larue County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Larue County Board of Education Finance Corporation – In a prior year the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Larue County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors. The Corporation is blended into the District's financial statements.

## Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in fund balances. Proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases and decreases in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities. Fiduciary funds are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

The District has the following funds:

#### Governmental Fund Types

(A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Board. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report on pages 40 through 41. This is a major fund of the District.
- (C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).
  - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- (D) The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

#### II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

- A. The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.
- B. The Childcare Fund accounts for the day care operations of the District. This is a major fund of the District.

#### III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency Fund)

A. The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the <u>Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds</u>. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### Basis of Accounting - continued

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### **Property Taxes**

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are normally levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund. The usual collection date is the period from November 1 through December 31. Property tax bills paid prior to December 1 received a two percent discount. Property taxes received after December 31, are considered to be delinquent and the County Attorney can file a lien against the property.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2005, to finance operations were \$.435 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.449 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.552 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
General equipment	5-15 years
Food service equipment	5-12 years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### **Budgetary Process**

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reappropriated in the next year. A reservation of fund balance equal to outstanding encumbrances at year-end is provided for at June 30, 2005.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### Inventories

On government-wide financial statements inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The food service fund uses the specific identification method and the general fund uses the first-in, first-out method.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2005, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### Receivables

The District recognizes revenues as receivable when they are measurable and receipt is probable. Concentration of credit risk with respect to the receivables from federal and state governments is limited due to the historical stability of those institutions.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for SFCC escrow and debt service.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools and for childcare services provided.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction

#### Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### NOTE B - ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities. At June 30, 2005, \$2,070,204 of the District's bank balance of \$5,537,720 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized \$ 2.070.204

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

**NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS** 

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2004			Additions	D	eductions	Balance June 30, 2005		
Non-Depreciable Assets: Land Construction in progress	\$	309,472	\$	- 148,311	\$	-	\$	309,472 148,311	
Depreciable Assets: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment		1,072,607 15,875,690 1,799,114 1,606,650 812,786	-	10,684 210,484 155,970 19,702		(28,920) (92,613) (360)		1,072,607 15,886,374 1,980,678 1,670,007 832,128	
Totals at historical cost		21,476,319		545,151		(121,893)		21,899,577	
Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment Total accumulated depreciation	Manushindardard	579,324 3,809,564 1,413,502 1,057,856 586,575 7,446,821		44,778 337,554 164,469 114,044 30,459 691,304	***************************************	(28,745) (92,613) (48) (121,406)	BANKANA	624,102 4,147,118 1,549,226 1,079,287 616,986 8,016,719	
Government Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$	14,029,498	\$	(146,153)	\$	(487)	\$	13,882,858	
Business-Type Activities									
Buildings and improvements Technology equipment General equipment Totals at historical cost		1,255,218 41,180 549,659 1,846,057		44,727 44,727	<u> </u>	(300) (875) (1,175)		1,255,218 40,880 593,511 1,889,609	
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Technology equipment General equipment Total accumulated depreciation Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$	246,509 31,221 306,233 583,963	\$	25,104 3,365 30,254 58,723 (13,996)	\$	(265) (875) (1,140)		271,613 34,321 335,612 641,546	
Depreciation was charged to governmental from Instruction Student support Instructional staff District administration School administration Business support Plant Transportation Central office		-							

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE F - I ONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Proceeds	<u>Rates</u>				
1997	\$ 1,515,000	4.1% - 5.2%				
1998	5,685,000	4.4% - 4.5%				
2001	8,170,000	2.7% - 5.0%				
2003	1,075,000	1.35% - 3.5%				

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Larue County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2005, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	P	rincipal		nterest	<u>P</u>	articipation		District's Portion
2005-06	\$	520,000	\$	626,986	\$	338,787	\$	808,199
2006-07		540,000		607,160		338,786		808,374
2007-08		560,000		585,729		338,786		806,943
2008-09		585,000		562,981		338,786		809,195
2009-10		615,000		538,244		338,786		814,458
2011-15		3,315,000	2	2,274,262		1,537,844		4,051,418
2016-20		3,585,000		1,494,987		1,116,435		3,963,552
2021-25		3,125,000		658,355		334,476		3,448,879
2021-25		1,210,000		61,250			*******	1,271,250
	<u>\$_1</u>	4,055,000	\$	7,409,954	<u>\$</u>	4 <u>,682,686</u>	\$	16,782,268

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

### NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

Long-term liability for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Revenue bonds payable Accrued sick leave	\$14,560,000 391,075	\$ 	\$ 505,000 55,475	\$14,055,000 <u>447,014</u>	\$ 520,000 
Governmental Activities: Long-term liabilities	<u>\$14,951,075</u>	<u>\$ 111,414</u>	<u>\$ 560,475</u>	<u>\$14,502,014</u>	<u>\$ 633,102</u>

The Debt Service Fund is primarily responsible for paying the bond obligations through funding from the Capital Outlay and FSPK funds. The General Fund is primarily responsible for paying accrued sick leave.

### NOTE F - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital lease by class:

	Book value as of
Classes of Property	June 30, 2005
Buses	\$ 14,981

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2005:

Year Ending June 30,	Capital Lease <u>Payable</u>
2006	\$ 48,048
Less: Amount representing interest	(2,332)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$_45,716</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### NOTE G - COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED LEASES

Commitments under operating lease agreements for office equipment provide the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2005, as follows:

Year ending

June 30, 2005 \$ 14,500

Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2005, was \$17,400.

## NOTE H - RETIREMENT PLANS

All the District's eligible employees participate in the Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System (KTRS), a statewide multiple-employer public employee retirement system covering all employees of local school districts within the State of Kentucky. KTRS is a cost sharing public employee retirement system with one exception: all risks and costs are not shared by the District but are the liability of the State of Kentucky. KTRS is funded through state and employee contributions and the District has no legal obligation for paying benefits. As discussed below, the District may be required in certain situations to make limited contributions on behalf of certain employees.

The State of Kentucky contributes 13.105% of the employee's gross earnings except for those District employees being paid from and participating in federally funded programs. During the year, contributions of \$1,010,886 were made by the State of Kentucky and \$106,989 in contributions were passed through the District's federally funded programs. Contributions by the employees are 9.855% of gross earnings and are withheld by the District. Such withholdings totaled \$840,645 during the year and were paid by the District to the State of Kentucky. The District has no other liability under the plan. The District's total payroll for all employees during the year was \$10,811,041, and \$9,346,537 of such amount related to employees covered by the retirement plan.

Substantially all other employees (classified personnel) are covered under the County Employee's Retirement System (CERS). Funding for the Plan is provided through payroll withholdings of 5% and a District contribution of 8.48% of the employee's total compensation subject to contribution. The District's contribution requirement for CERS for the year ended June 30, 2005 was \$306,465, which consisted of \$190,121 from the District and \$116,344 from the employees. The total covered payroll for CERS during the year was \$2,242,164. Benefits under both plans will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the Plan documents.

Additional information and historical trend information can be obtained from the separately issued Teacher Retirement System of Kentucky Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

## **Deferred Compensation**

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The Board therefore does not show these assets and liabilities on this financial statement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

### NOTE L- CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

### **NOTE J - LITIGATION**

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress, except as described elsewhere in this report.

### NOTE K - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively rated which includes Workers' Compensation insurance.

### **NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees. To obtain insurance of workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. The public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school district and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. Contributions to the Workers' Compensation fund are based on premium rates established by such fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four (24) months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The Liability Insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage and for any reason by giving ninety (90) days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund (after payment of operational and administrative costs and claims for which coverage was provided) would be returned to the members on a pro rata basis.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2005

### NOTE M - DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

There are no funds of the District that currently have a deficit fund balance. However, the following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance/net assets:

Childcare Fund \$ 11,207 Debt Service Fund 25,086

### NOTE N - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

### **NOTE O - TRANSFER OF FUNDS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	<u>Purpose</u>	 Amount
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	\$ 29,802
Operating	SEEK Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt Service	193,368
Operating	FSPK Fund	Debt Service	Debt Service	557,909
Operating	General	Construction	Construction	169,770

### NOTE P - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The interfund balance at June 30, 2005, was as follows:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Explanation</u>
Food Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 74,725	Amount owed for charges paid by General Fund
Childcare Fund	Construction Fund	\$ 144,533	Amount owed for funds deposited in wrong bank account

### NOTE Q - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The District receives on-behalf payments from the State of Kentucky for items including retirement and insurance. The amount received for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was \$2,232,408.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues:			
From local sources:			
Taxes:	\$ 1,609,664	\$ 1,566,500	\$ 1,733,866
Property	331,845	\$ 1,566,500 323,000	363,351
Motor vehicle Utilities	396,000	350,000	529,5 <b>1</b> 7
Tuition and fees	390,000	330,000	770
Earnings on investments	63,000	50,000	126,068
Other local revenues	3,000	3,000	71,567
Intergovernmental - Intermediate	0,000	0,000	7 7,007
Intergovernmental - Intermediate Intergovernmental - State	9,348,547	8,872,513	11,108,582
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	0,010,017	0,01,010	, ,, , , o o , o o <u>a</u>
Intergovernmental - Direct Federal			32,466
J	44.750.050	44 465 042	
Total Revenues	11,752,056	11,165,013	13,966,187
Expenditures:			
Instruction	7,332,077	6,945,435	8,341,214
Support services:			
Student	598,395	579,834	671,491
Instruction staff	527,874	495,308	537,656
District administrative	662,496	746,733	414,542
School administrative	729,550	709,577	839,605
Business	252,502	450,647	421,144
Plant operation and maintenance	1,575,648	1,669,112	1,371,579
Student transportation	826,720	804,507	914,779
Facilities acquisition and construction	366,250	479,000	16,181
Other	800,544	1,383,325	59,050
Total Expenditures	13,672,056	14,263,478	13,587,241
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over	(4.000.000)	(0.000.405)	270.040
Expenditures	(1,920,000)	(3,098,465)	378,946
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets			5,910
Operating transfers out	(30,000)	(43,200)	(199,572)
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(30,000)	(43,200)	(193,662)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing			
Sources over Expenditures and Other			
Financing Uses	(1,950,000)	(3,141,665)	185,284
r manonig 6000	(.,000,000)	(-, - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,	,,
Fund balance, July 1, 2004	1,950,000	3,141,665	3,185,664
Fund balance, June 30, 2005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,370,948

Both inflows and outflows are equally different in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds by the amount of on-behalf payments of \$2,327,408.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Taxes: Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Motor vehicle	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ		
Utilities					
Other taxes					
Tuition and fees					
Earnings on investments			1,232		
Other local revenues	13,275	13,317	18,317		
Intergovernmental - Intermediate	1.011.425	981,631	882,765		
Intergovernmental - State	1,011,435 1,403,034	1,517,533	1,519,448		
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	2,200	3,000	3,000		
intergovernmentar - Direct i ederai	2,200	0,000			
Total Revenues	2,429,944	2,515,481	2,424,762		
Expenditures:					
Instruction	2,187,176	1,934,734	1,797,157		
Support services:		40.400	<b>ለ</b> ጥር ሰብማ		
Student	68,924	49,188 261,656	105,087 274,764		
Instruction staff District administrative	00,924	201,030	214,104		
School administrative					
Business			6,863		
Plant operation and maintenance		31,350	23,512		
Student transportation		49,136	51,952		
Central office					
Facilities acquisition and construction	470.044	407.055	477 055		
Community service activities	173,844	197,255	177,255		
Debt service					
Principal Interest					
Total Expenditures	2,429,944	2,523,319	2,436,590		
Total Experiences	24,12.0,011	2,020,010	2,100,000		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over					
Expenditures	-	(7,838)	(11,828)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in		7,838	29,802		
Operating transfers out					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,838	29,802		
	· —				
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	_	_	17,974		
i manong uses	_	_	11,01-7		
Fund balance, July 1, 2004			46,339		
Fund balance, June 30, 2005	\$	\$ -	\$ 64,313		



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2005

	Capital Outlay Fund			FSPK Fund		onstruction Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets and Resources:									
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	28,652	\$	323,868	\$	144,533	\$	352,520 144,533	
Total Assets and Resources	\$	28,652		323,868	\$	144,533	\$	497,053	
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities Cash overdraft	\$	~	\$	-	\$	123,074	\$	123,074	
Total Liabilities		**		-		123,074		123,074	
Fund Balances Reserved for: SFCC escrow Construction Unreserved: Undesignated, reported in: Capital projects funds		28,652		323,868		21,459		352,520 21,459	
Total Fund Balances		28,652	***************************************	323,868		21,459	***************************************	373,979	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	28,652	\$	323,868	\$	497,053	\$	497,053	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Capital FSPK Outlay Fund Fund			Construction Fund		Total lonmajor vernmental Funds	
Revenues From local sources: Taxes:							
Property Other local revenues Intergovernmental - State	\$	219,630	\$	286,408 560 378,321	\$	**	\$ 286,408 560 597,951
Total Revenues		219,630		665,289			 884,919
Expenditures Facilities and construction	***************************************					148,311	 148,311
Total Expenditures		<u>.</u>				148,311	148,311
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		219,630		665,289		(148,311)	736,608
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		(193,368)		(557,909)		169,770	 169,770 (751,277)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(193,368)		(557,909)	-	169,770	 (581,507)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		26,262		107,380		21,459	155,101
Fund balance, July 1, 2004		2,390		216,488			 218,878
Fund balance, June 30, 2005	\$	28,652	\$	323,868	\$	21,459	\$ 373,979

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

### AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2005

State 50, 2000		Suffalo ementary	dgenville mentary	agnolia mentary	ue County dle School	Inte	ue County ermediate School	ue County ah School	Total Agency Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	11,726 60	\$ 8,868	\$ 9,758	\$ 19,389	\$	12,563	\$ 42,970 3,298	\$ 105,274 3,358
Total Assets	\$	11,786	\$ 8,868	\$ 9,758	\$ 19,389	\$	12,563	\$ 46,268	\$ 108,632
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to student groups	\$	43 11,743	\$ 8,868	\$ 213 9,545	\$ 4,929 14,460	\$	12,563	\$ 1,012 45,256	\$ 6,197 102,435
Total Liabilities	_\$	11,786	\$ 8,868	\$ 9,758	\$ 19,389	\$	12,563	\$ 46,268	\$ 108,632

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND FUND BALANCES

LARUE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20	005				ACCOUNTS	ACCOUNTS	
NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCES July 1, 2004	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	CASH BALANCES June 30, 2005	RECEIVABLE AND DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS June 30, 2005	PAYABLE AND DUE TO OTHER FUNDS June 30, 2005	FUND BALANCES June 30, 2005
Academic	\$ 82	<b>\$</b> 5,198	\$ 5,280	\$ -	§ -	\$ -	S
Agenda Books	47	-		_	-	-	-
Agriscience	93	14,004	10,761	3,336	-	309	3,027
Art Club	45	207	80	172		-	172
Art Department	25	155	128	52	-	-	52
Arts and Humanities	-		-	-	-	-	an
Athletic - Baseball				-	-	-	-
Athletic - Cross Country	-	w	-	~	-	-	-
Athletic - Volleyball	MY	-	~	<del>-</del>	*	-	-
Athletic - Wrestling	10	*	-	10	-	-	10
Athletic B-Ball Camp	1,757	2,845	2,866	1,736	**	-	1,736
Athletic F-Ball Coke	77	896	851	122	-	-	122
Athletic Girls B-Ball Camp		-		-		-	
Athletics	14,310	93,952	98,254	10,008	3,216		13,224
Band	1,605	5,584	7,001	188	**	-	188
Business Department	81	422	447	56	-	=	56 2.207
Candy Machines	2,151	294	238	2,207	<del>-</del>	=	2,207
Champions Club	2,473	1,155	1,294	2,334	<u></u>	=	2,334
Choir	2,473	2,082	2,683	1,872	₩	-	1,872
Coke - Faculty	382	930	651	661	-	**	661
Community Service Club	473	313	306	480	-	-	480
Computer Lab	-	7.404	7 (7)		<b></b>	**	-
Concessions	135	7,496	7,631	29	-	-	29
Family & Consumer Science	1	695	667 3,074	29	~	*	29
FBLA	- 0.0	3,074	3,074	48	-	-	48
FCA	88	168	265	1,146	••	139	1,007
FCCLA	1,243	29,767	29,510	257	<u>.</u>	1.77	257
FFA	129	700	29,310 457	372		_	372
Field Trip	129	700	7.7				
Flower & Gift Fund Future Educators of America	108	-		108			108
General Fund	3,263	8,926	9,420	2,769	_	489	2,280
General Fund Gjerstad Supplies	3,403	0,720	7,720	2,707	_		4,200
Guidance Office	482	2,319	2,427	374	82	75	381
Junior Achievement	-104		-, 1	-	***		-
Junior Class	5.849	6,745	8,709	3,885	_	_	3.885
Kelly Dean Sanders Fund			-	~		M**	-
Library Club	655	658	423	890	m	-	890
Lift-A-thon	-	2,707	2,625	82			82
Little League Football Camp	23	-	23	_	-	**	16.
Math & Science Club	-		~	-		-	_
Pep Club	439	-	315	124	_		124
SADD Chapter	**	_	<b>FA</b>	-		-	-
Scholarship Fund	_	an .	-	**	-	-	-
School to Career	-	_	-	-	-	PA.	-
Senior Class	~	4,946	4,902	44	m	-	44
Softball Uniforms	-	**	-			-	-
Spanish Honor Society	_	-	-	-	-		-
Speech & Drama Club		2,920	2,920	-	-	**	
Student Coke	6,560	16,532	22,372	720	w		720
Student Council	732	1,993	1,449	1,276		-	1,276
Supplies	234	-	159	75	-	-	75
Technology Classes	_	132	124	8	-	•	8
Technology Study Association	367	3,366	2,481	1,252	-	-	1,252
Textbook Account	15,855	14,789	30,644	-	**	-	-
Volleyball Camp	-	15	-	1.5	-	-	15
Yearbook	12,501	17,338	23,592	6,262			6,262
TOTALS	74,701	253,323	285,069	42,970	3,298	1,012	45,256
TRANSFERS		8,320	8,320				
TOTALS	\$ 74,701	\$ 261,643	\$ 293,389	\$ 42,970	\$ 3,298	\$ 1,012	\$ 45,256



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u> Passed Through State Department of Education: National School Lunch	10.555 *	313 07 02	\$ 97,500
School Breakfast	10.553 *	575-05-02 576-04-05 576-05-05	306,078 28,102 102,557
Summer Feeding Program	10.559 *		7,424
Cash for Commodities/Childcare	10.558	N/A	14,855
Passed Through State Dept. of Agriculture Food Distribution (In-Kind Commodities)  TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE	10.555 *	N/A	57,599 614,115
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Passed Through State Department of Education:  Title I	84.010 *	3104 3105	22,755 529,517
Title I - Migrant	84.011	3114 3115	19,382 10,863
Title IIC	84.048	3484A 3485	1,223 26,771
IDEA - Part B	84.027 *	3374 3375	4,971 455,498
IDEA - Part B - Preschool	84.173 *	3434 3435	2,294 32,557
Title IV	84.186	4063 4064 4065	7,884 7,745 5,245
Innovative Program Strategies	84.298	3344 3345	999 9,972
Rural and Low Income Schools	84.358B	3503	4,127
Teacher Quality	84.367A	4014 4015	7,860 137,886
Title II D	84.318X	4253 4254 4255	1,491 12,443 5,524
Evenstart	84.213	3234 3235	25,801 58,547
Language Acquisition	84.365	3454 3455	5,761 2,576

\* Denotes major federal program
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONCLUDED

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(Concluded)

## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION-CONTINUED

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
Passed Through Cabinet for Workforce Developmen Adult Education	1 84.002	3655 3734S 3735 3735S 3805	5,910 426 21,557 1,663 5,935
Tech Prep	84.008	3635	19,530
Passed Through University of Kentucky: Gear Up	84.048	3794G 3795G	20,589 52,030
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,527,332
Corp. for National and Community Service Passed Through State Department of Education: National Community Service	94.004	6755	3,000
TOTAL CORP. FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNI	TY SERVICE	S	3,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 2,144,447

\* Denotes major federal program
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

### NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Larue County School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed.



# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Section I-Summary of Auditor's Results					
Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued (unqualified):					
Internal control over financial reporting:					
•			V		
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> </ul>		yes	<u>X</u> _no		
<ul> <li>Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>		yes	X_none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	<u>X</u> no		
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:					
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	<u>X</u> no		
<ul> <li>Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?</li> </ul>		yes	<u>X</u> _no		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance	for major p	programs (unqualifi	ed):		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?		yes	X_no		
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Number(s)	Name o	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
10.555 10.553 10.559 84.027 84.173 84.010	Nationa	National School Lunch Program National School Breakfast Program Summer Feeding Program Idea B Idea B – Preschool Title I			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between type A and type B programs:	\$	300,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	_yesX	no			

## Section I-Summary of Auditor's Results

## Section II - Financial Statement of Findings

## Finding 05-1

### Criteria

Kentucky Revised Statute 41.240 requires that depository institutions pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times.

### Condition

We noted that at June 30, 2005, \$2,070,204 of the District's bank balance of \$5,537,720 consisted of funds that were not secured by FDIC insurance or pledged collateral.

### Cause

The bank did not obtain sufficient collateral to secure the deposits.

### Effect

The District's deposits were at risk should the bank be unable to meet its obligations on these dates.

### Recommendation

The District should contact the bank to ensure that the collateral agreement provides for sufficient pledged securities to cover the Clerk's deposits.

### View of Responsible Officials

The District will contact the bank to ensure that sufficient collateral is pledged against the District's deposits.

## Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.



SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

June 30, 2005

There were no prior audit findings.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

THEODORE C. STILES, CPA
BENJAMIN E. CARTER, CPA
JOHN R. ASHCRAFT, CPA
J. SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA
BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA
CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA
CHERYLE L. BEAUCHAMP, CPA
J. ALTON PIKE, CPA

STILES, CARTER & ASSOCIATES, P.S.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
2901 RING ROAD EAST
P. O. BOX 622
FI IZABETHTOWN KY 42702-0622

TELEPHONE 270/769-6371 FAX 270/765-7934 www.stilescartercpas.com AMERICAN INSTITUTE
OF CPAS
KENTUCKY SOCIETY
OF CPAS



The CPA, Never Underestimate The Value.®

Members of the Board of Education Larue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Larue County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the Larue County Board of Education's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendices I, II and III of the <u>Independent Auditor's Contract</u>.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Larue County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Larue County Board of Education's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> which is disclosed in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 05-1.

We also noted certain additional matters that we have reported to the management of Larue County Board of Education in a separate letter dated August 25, 2005.

This report is intended for the information of members of the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, the members of the Board of Education of Larue County School District, the Kentucky Department of Education and management and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Certified Public Accountants

Stiles, Carter & associates

August 25, 2005

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 THEODORE C. STILES, CPA
BENJAMIN E. CARTER, CPA
JOHN R. ASHCRAFT, CPA
J. SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA
BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA
CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA
CHERYLE L. BEAUCHAMP, CPA
J. ALTON PIKE, CPA

STILES, CARTER & ASSOCIATES, P.S.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
2901 RING ROAD EAST
P. O. BOX 622
FI IZABETHTOWN, KY 42702-0622

TELEPHONE 270/769-6371 FAX 270/765-7934 www.stilescartercpas.com AMERICAN INSTITUTE
OF CPAs
KENTUCKY SOCIETY
OF CPAs



The CPA. Never Underestimate The Value.®

Members of the Board of Education Larue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

## Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Larue County School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. Larue County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Larue County School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Larue County School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u> and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendices I, II and III of the <u>Independent Auditor's Contract</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Larue County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Larue County School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Larue County School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Larue County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Larue County School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements.

This report is intended for the information of members of the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, the members of the Board of Education of Larue County School District, the Kentucky Department of Education, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Certified Public Accountants

Stiles, Carter & associates

August 25, 2005



THEODORE C. STILES, CPA
BENJAMIN E. CARTER, CPA
JOHN R. ASHCRAFT, CPA
J. SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA
BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA
CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA
CHERYLE L. BEAUCHAMP, CPA
J. ALTON PIKE, CPA

Stiles, Carter & Associates, P.S.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
2901 RING ROAD EAST
P. O. BOX 622
FI IZABETHTOWN, KY 42702-0622

TELEPHONE 270/769-6371 FAX 270/765-7934 www.stilescartercpas.com AMERICAN INSTITUTE
OF CPAs
KENTUCKY SOCIETY
OF CPAs



The CPA. Never Underestimate The Value.®

Members of the Board of Education of Larue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Larue County School District for the year ended June 30, 2005, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated August 25, 2005 contains our report on the District's internal control structure. This letter does not affect our report dated August 25, 2005 on the basic financial statements of the Larue County School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and their implementation is currently being reviewed. We will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Certified Public Accountants

Stiles, Carter & associates

August 25, 2005

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

June 30, 2005

### **UNCORRECTED PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS**

## Segregation of Duties in Handling Receipts - School Activity Funds

During our audit, we noted that Larue County Middle School and Buffalo Elementary School did not comply with the segregation of duties requirements for handling receipts as required by *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds* issued by the Kentucky Department of Education.

### Management Response

The District will ensure that the requirements of *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds* issued by the Kentucky Department of Education are followed and will hold meetings with school administrators to outline the requirements.

## **CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS**

## Segregation of Duties in Handling Receipts and Paying Bills - School Activity Funds

During our audit, we noted that Larue County High School and Hodgenville Elementary School did not comply with the segregation of duties requirements for handling receipts and paying bills as required by *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds* issued by the Kentucky Department of Education.

## **Management Response**

The District will ensure that the requirements of Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds issued by the Kentucky Department of Education are followed and will hold meetings with school administrators to outline the requirements.

### Segregation of Duties in Paying Bills - School Activity Funds

During our audit, we noted that Magnolia Elementary School did not comply with the segregation of duties requirements for paying bills as required by *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds* issued by the Kentucky Department of Education.

### Management Response

The District will ensure that the requirements of Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds issued by the Kentucky Department of Education are followed and will hold meetings with school administrators to outline the requirements.

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2005

## **CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS - CONTINUED**

## Ticket Sales - School Activity Funds

During our audit, we noted that Larue County Middle School did not change ticket colors for consecutive events as required by *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds* issued by the Kentucky Department of Education.

## Management Response

The District will ensure that the requirements of *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds* issued by the Kentucky Department of Education are followed and will hold meetings with school administrators to outline the requirements.

THEODORE C. STILES, CPA
BENJAMIN E. CARTER, CPA
JOHN R. ASHCRAFT, CPA
J. SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA
BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA
CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA
CHERYLE L. BEAUCHAMP, CPA
J. ALTON PIKE, CPA

STILES, CARTER & ASSOCIATES, P.S.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
2901 RING ROAD EAST
P. O. BOX 622
ELIZABETHTOWN, KY 42702-0622

TELEPHONE 270/769-6371 FAX 270/765-7934 www.stilescartercpas.com AMERICAN INSTITUTE
OF CPAS
KENTUCKY SOCIETY
OF CPAS



The CPA. Never Underestimate The Value.®

State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Larue County Board of Education Hodgenville, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Larue County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 2005. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our responsibility under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial statement audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendices I, II and III of the *Independent Auditors' Contract*.

As stated in our engagement letter dated July 27, 2005, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material errors, fraud or illegal acts may exist and not be detected by us.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also, in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the District's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

## Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

States, Carter & associates

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

This report is intended solely for the use of the members of the Board of Education, Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits and management and is not intended and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Certified Public Accountants

August 25, 2005